I. AGREEMENT CONCERNING MARITIME SIGNALS (continued).

(Lisbon, October 23rd, 1930)

In Force.

The Agreement is open to Accession by:

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<th>Date</th>
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<td>TANGIER</td>
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<tr>
<td>VENEZUELA</td>
<td>1930</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Definitive Signatures or Accessions and Ratifications.

Togoland
Cameroons
Madagascar
French Settlements in India
Indo-China
Reunion
French Coast of Somaliland
New Caledonia
Oceania
Martinique
Guadeloupe
Guiana
St. Pierre and Miquelon

Greece (September 14th, 1930)
Latvia (September 17th, 1935)
Monaco (November 3rd, 1933)
Morocco (September 3rd, 1931)
The Netherlands (August 24th, 1931)
Including the Netherlands Indies.
Poland (October 2nd, 1933)
Portugal (October 23rd, 1930)
Roumania (June 1st, 1931)
Spain (November 3rd, 1933)
Tunis (October 27th, 1931)
Turkey (June 27th, 1936)
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (April 27th, 1931)
Yugoslavia (December 11th, 1937)

2. AGREEMENT CONCERNING MANNED LIGHTSHIPS NOT ON THEIR STATIONS.¹

(Lisbon, October 23rd, 1930)

In Force.

The Agreement is open to Accession by:

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<th>Date</th>
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<td>HAITI</td>
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<td>HONDURAS</td>
<td>1930</td>
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<tr>
<td>ICELAND</td>
<td>1930</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Definitive Signatures or Accessions and Ratifications.

BELGIUM (February 10th, 1932)
This ratification does not apply to the Belgian Congo.
BRAZIL (November 21st, 1932)
GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND (October 23rd, 1930)
Does not include any Colonies, Protectorates or territories under suzerainty or mandate of His Brit- tannic Majesty.
INDIA (October 23rd, 1930)
Does not include any of the Indian States under British suzerainty.
CHINA (May 20th, 1935)
FREE CITY OF DANTZIG (through the intermediary of Poland) (October 2nd, 1933)

2. Agreement concerning Manned Lightships not on their Stations (continued).
(Lisbon, October 23rd, 1930.)

In Force.

Definitive Signatures or Accessions and Ratifications.

Denmark (April 29th, 1931 s)
Estonia (September 16th, 1936)
Finland (May 23rd, 1934)
France (October 23rd, 1930 s)
French Colonies and Mandated Territories as follows:
French West Africa
French Equatorial Africa
Togoland
Cameroons
Madagascar
French Settlements in India
Indo-China
Reunion
French Coast of Somalia
New Caledonia
Oceania
Martinique
Guadeloupe
Guiana
St. Pierre and Miquelon
Morocco (October 23rd, 1930 s)
Tunis (October 23rd, 1930 s)
Greece (October 23rd, 1930 s)
Iraq (October 15th, 1935 a)
Latvia (September 17th, 1935 a)
Monaco (October 23rd, 1930 s)
The Netherlands (October 23rd, 1930 s)
Including the Netherlands Indies.
Poland (October 2nd, 1933)
Portugal (October 23rd, 1930 s)
Roumania (June 1st, 1931 s)
Spain (November 3rd, 1933)
Sweden (February 3rd, 1933)
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (April 27th, 1931 s)
Turkey (June 27th, 1936 a)
Yugoslavia (January 16th, 1934)

XXVII. Declaration by the Governments of the Powers which are Parties to the Convention Instituting the Definitive Statute of the Danube.
(Geneva, December 5th, 1930.)

Signatures.

Belgium
Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Bulgaria
France
Italy
Roumania
Yugoslavia

Signatures ad referendum.

Czechoslovakia
Germany
Greece
Hungary
XXVIII. UNIFICATION OF RIVER LAW.


(Geneva, December 9th, 1930)

Not in Force.

Definitive Accession.

Portugal (March 1st, 1932 a)

Does not include the Portuguese Colonies.

Belgium

Czecho-Slovakia

Free City of Danzig (through the intermediary of Poland).

Subject to the reservation provided under III, ad Article 14 of the Protocol-Annex.

France

Germany

Subject to the reservation provided under III, ad Article 14 of the Protocol-Annex.

Hungary

Subject to the reservation provided under III, ad Article 14 of the Protocol-Annex.

Italy

Luxembourg

The Netherlands

Subject to the reservation provided under III, ad Article 14 of the Protocol-Annex.

Poland

 Roumania

Switzerland

Subject to the reservation provided under III, ad Article 14 of the Protocol-Annex.

Yugoslavia

The Convention is open to Accession by:

Albania

Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Bulgaria

Denmark

Estonia

Finland

Greece

Ireland

Latvia

Lithuania

Norway

Spain

Sweden

Turkey

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics


(Geneva, December 9th, 1930)

Not in Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

Belgium

Czecho-Slovakia

Free City of Danzig (through the intermediary of Poland).

Subject to the reservation provided under IX, ad Article 50, of the Protocol-Annex.

France

Germany

Subject to the reservation provided under IX, ad Article 50, of the Protocol-Annex.

Hungary

Subject to the reservation provided under IX, ad Article 50, of the Protocol-Annex.

Italy

Luxembourg

The Convention is open to Accession by:

Albania

Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Bulgaria

Denmark

Estonia

Finland

Greece

Ireland

Latvia

Lithuania

Norway

Spain

Sweden

1 This Convention shall enter into force ninety days after the deposit of the third ratification or accession (Article 17).

2 This Convention shall enter into force six months after the deposit of the third ratification or accession (Article 53).
   (Geneva, December 9th, 1930.)

   **Not in Force.**
   Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.

   **THE NETHERLANDS**
   Subject to the reservation provided under IX, ad Article 50, of the Protocol-Annex.

   **POLAND**
   Subject to the reservation provided under IX, ad Article 50, of the Protocol-Annex.

   **SWITZERLAND**
   Subject to the reservation provided under IX, ad Article 50, of the Protocol-Annex.

   **YUGOSLAVIA**

   **Turkey**
   Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

   (Geneva, December 9th, 1930.)

   **Not in Force.**
   Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.

   **BELGIUM**
   Czechoslovakia
   France
   Hungary
   Subject to the reservation provided under IV, ad Article 8, of the Protocol-Annex.

   **ITALY**
   **LUXEMBURG**
   **POLAND**
   **YUGOSLAVIA**

   **Subject to the reservation provided**
   **under IX, ad Article 50, of the Protocol-Annex.**

   **Subject to the reservation provided**
   **under IX, ad Article 50, of the Protocol-Annex.**

XXIX. Unification of Laws on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes and Cheques.

I. Convention Providing a Uniform Law for Cheques, with Annexes and Protocol.²
   (Geneva, March 19th, 1931.)

   **In Force.**
   Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.

   **BELGIUM**
   Czechoslovakia
   Ecuador
   Hungary
   Luxembourg
   Mexico
   Roumania

   **AFGHANISTAN**
   **UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA**
   **ALBANIA**
   **UNITED STATES OF AMERICA**
   **SA'UDI ARABIA**
   **ARGENTINE REPUBLIC**
   **AUSTRALIA**

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¹ This Convention shall enter into force ninety days after the deposit of the third ratification or accession (Article 11).
* All the parties to this Convention have agreed to consider the instrument of ratification deposited by this country, after the date stipulated in the Convention, as valid. The Japanese Government, however, is of opinion that this ratification has the character of an accession.
I. Convention Providing a Uniform Law for Cheques, with Annexes and Protocol (continued).

(Geneva, March 29th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

DENMARK (July 27th, 1932)
The undertaking of the Government of the King to introduce in Denmark the Uniform Law forming Annex I to this Convention is subject to the reservations referred to in Articles 4, 6, 9, 14, par. 1, 16(a), 18, 25, 26, 27 and 29 of Annex II to the said Convention. The Government of the King, by its acceptance of this Convention, does not intend to assume any obligations as regards Greenland.

FINLAND (August 31st, 1932)
This ratification is subject to the reservations mentioned in Articles 4, 6, 9, 14, paragraph 1, 16, 18 and 27 of Annex II to this Convention, and Finland has availed itself of the right granted to the High Contracting Parties by Articles 25, 26 and 29 of the said Annex to legislate on the matters referred to therein.

FRANCE (April 27th, 1936)
Declares that Articles 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 of Annex II to this Convention are being applied.

GERMANY (October 3rd, 1933)
This ratification is given subject to the reservations mentioned in Articles 6, 14, 15, 16, paragraph 2, 18, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 29 of Annex II to the Convention.

GREECE (June 1st, 1934)
Subject to the following conditions:
A. The Hellenic Government does not avail itself of the reservations provided in Articles 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 of Annex II. B. The Hellenic Government avails itself of the following reservations provided in Annex II:
1. The reservation in Article 3, paragraph 3 of Article 2 of the Uniform Law being replaced by the words: "A cheque which does not specify the place of payment shall be regarded as payable at the place where it was drawn."
2. The reservation in Article 4, the following paragraph being added to Article 3: "A cheque issued and payable in Greece shall not be valid as a cheque unless it is drawn on a banking Company or Greek legal person having the status of an institution of public law, engaging in banking business."
3. The reservation in Article 9, the following provision being added to paragraph 3 of Article 6 of the Uniform Law: "But in such exceptional case the issue of the cheque to bearer is prohibited."

* All the parties to this Convention have agreed to consider the instrument of ratification deposited by this country, after the date stipulated in the Convention, as valid. The Japanese Government, however, is of opinion that this ratification has the character of an accession.

** The Minister for Foreign Affairs of the French Republic informed the Secretary-General, by a communication received at the Secretariat on October 20th, 1937, that, in consequence of certain changes introduced into French legislation regarding the maturity of commercial bills by the Decree-Law of August 31st, 1937, and in application of Article 27 of Annex II to the Convention and Article II of the Final Act of the Conference by which it was adopted, no payment whatsoever, in respect of a bill, draft cheque, current account, deposit of funds or securities or otherwise, may be demanded and no protest may be drawn up on Saturdays or Mondays, which, for these purposes only, are assimilated to legal holidays.
(Geneva, March 19th, 1931.)

InForce.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

(4) The reservation in Article 15, the following paragraph being added to Article 31 of the Uniform Law: "By presidential decree, promulgated at the instance of the Ministers of Justice and National Economy, it may be decided what institutions in Greece are to be regarded as clearing-houses."

(5) The reservation in the second paragraph of Article 16, it being laid down that "provisions with regard to the loss or theft of cheques shall be embodied in Greek law."

(6) The reservation in Article 17, the following paragraph being added at the end of Article 35: "In exceptional circumstances connected with the rate of exchange of Greek currency, the effects of the stipulation contained in paragraph 3 of the present Article may be abrogated in each case by special legislation as regards cheques payable in Greece. The above provision may also be applied as regards cheques issued in Greece."

(7) The reservation in Article 23, the following being added to No. 1 in Article 45 of the Uniform Law: "which, however, in the case of cheques issued and payable in Greece, shall be calculated in each case at the legal rate of interest in force in Greece."

(8) Similarly, the following is added to No. 2 of Article 46 of the Uniform Law: "except in the special case dealt with in No. 2 of the preceding Article."

(9) The reservation in Article 25, the following Article being added to the National Law: "In the event of forfeiture of the bearer's rights or limitation of the right of action, proceedings may be taken against the drawer or endorser on the ground of his having made an inequitable gain. The right to take such proceedings lapses after three years from the date of the issue of the cheque."

(10) The reservation in the first paragraph of Article 26, a provision being enacted to the following effect: "The causes of interruption or suspension of limitations of actions enacted in the present law shall be governed by the rules regarding limitation and short-term limitation of actions."

(11) The reservation in Article 27, a separate Article being appended in the following terms: "Legal holidays within the meaning of the present law shall be all Sundays and all full days of rest observed by public offices."

(12) The reservation in Article 28 and the reservation in Article 29.

ITALY (August 31st, 1933)

In accordance with Article 1 of this Convention, the Royal Italian Government intends to avail itself of the rights provided in Articles 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 14, 16, para. 2, 10, 20, 21, para. 2, 23, 25, 26, 29 and 30 of Annex II. In connection with Article 15 of Annex II to this Convention, the institutions referred to in the said article are, in Italy, solely the "Stazioni di compensazione".

JAPAN (August 25th, 1933)

By application of Article 1, paragraph 2, of the Convention, this ratification is subject to the benefit of the provisions mentioned in Annex II to this Convention.

MONACO (February 9th, 1933)

*THE NETHERLANDS (for the Kingdom in Europe) (April 2nd, 1934)

This ratification is subject to the reservations mentioned in Annex II to the Convention.

Netherlands Indies and Curacao (September 30th, 1935 a)

Subject to the reservations mentioned in Annex II to the Convention.

Surinam (August 7th, 1936 a)

Subject to the reservations mentioned in Annex II to the Convention.

NICARAGUA (March 16th, 1932 a)

This ratification is subject to the reservations mentioned in Articles 4, 6, 9, 14, paragraph 1, 16 (a) and 18 of Annex II to the Convention, and the Royal Norwegian Government reserves the right, at the same time, to avail itself of the right granted to each of the High Contracting Parties by Articles 25, 26, 27 and 29 of the said Annex to legislate on the matters referred to therein.

POLAND (December 19th, 1936 a)

This accession is given subject to the reservations mentioned in Articles 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 14, paragraph 1, 15, 16, paragraph 1 (a), 16, paragraph 2, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29 and 30 of Annex II to the Convention.

* PORTUGAL (June 8th, 1934)

Subject to the reservation that the provisions of the Convention do not apply to the colonial territory of Portugal.

SWEDEN (July 27th, 1932)

This ratification is subject to the reservations mentioned in Articles 4, 6, 9, 14, paragraph 1, 16 (a) and 18 of Annex II to the Convention, and the Royal Swedish Government has availed itself of the right granted to the High Contracting Parties by Articles 25, 26 and 29 of the said Annex to legislate on the matters referred to therein.

SWITZERLAND (August 26th, 1932) ¹

This ratification is given subject to the reservations mentioned in Articles 2, 4, 8, 15, 16, paragraph 2, 19, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29 and 30 of Annex II.

* All the parties to this Convention have agreed to consider the instrument of ratification deposited by this country, after the date stipulated in the Convention, as valid. The Japanese Government, however, is of opinion that this ratification has the character of an accession.

¹ According to a declaration made by the Swiss Government when depositing the instrument of ratification of this Convention, the latter was to take effect, in respect of Switzerland, only after the adoption of a law revising Sections XXIV to XXXIII of the Federal Code of Obligations or, if necessary, of a special law regarding bills of exchange, promissory notes and cheques. The law above referred to having entered into force on July 1st, 1937, the Convention took effect, for Switzerland, as from that date.
2. **Convention for the Settlement of Certain Conflicts of Laws in connection with Cheques, and Protocol.**

*(Geneva, March 19th, 1931.)*

**In Force.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ratifications or definitive Accessions.</th>
<th>Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.</th>
<th>The Convention is open to Accession by:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td><em>FREE CITY OF DANZIG</em> (through the intermediary of Poland) (June 24th, 1935)</td>
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<td><strong>BULGARIA</strong></td>
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<td><strong>GREENLAND</strong></td>
<td><strong>BRAZIL</strong></td>
<td><strong>CANADA</strong></td>
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<td><strong>GERMANY</strong> (October 3rd, 1933)</td>
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<td><strong>CHILE</strong></td>
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<td><strong>GREECE</strong> (June 1st, 1934)</td>
<td><strong>BRAZIL</strong></td>
<td><strong>CHINA</strong></td>
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<td><strong>ITALY</strong> (August 31st, 1932)</td>
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<td><strong>JAPAN</strong> (August 25th, 1932)</td>
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<td><strong>MONACO</strong> (February 9th, 1933)</td>
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<td><strong>COLOMBIA</strong></td>
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<td><em>THE NETHERLANDS</em> (for the Kingdom in Europe) (April 2nd, 1934)</td>
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<td><em>Netherlands Indies and Curaçao</em> (September 30th, 1935a)</td>
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<td><em>Surinam</em> (August 7th, 1936 a)</td>
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<td><strong>NICARAGUA</strong> (March 16th, 1932 a)</td>
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<td><strong>NORWAY</strong> (July 27th, 1932)</td>
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<td><strong>COLOMBIA</strong></td>
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<td><strong>POLAND</strong> (December 19th, 1936 a)</td>
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<td><strong>COLOMBIA</strong></td>
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<td><em>PORTUGAL</em> (June 8th, 1934)</td>
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<td><strong>COLOMBIA</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Subject to the reservation that the provisions of the Convention do not apply to the colonial territory of Portugal.</td>
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<td><strong>COLOMBIA</strong></td>
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<td><strong>SWEDEN</strong> (July 27th, 1932)</td>
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<td><strong>SWITZERLAND</strong> (August 26th, 1932)</td>
<td><strong>BOLIVIA</strong></td>
<td><strong>COLOMBIA</strong></td>
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</table>


*All the parties to this Convention have agreed to consider the instrument of ratification deposited by this country, after the date stipulated in the Convention, as valid. The Japanese Government, however, is of opinion that this ratification has the character of an accession.*
3. **Convention on the Stamp Laws in connection with Cheques, and Protocol.**

*(Geneva, March 19th, 1931.)*

**In Force.**

**Ratifications or definitive Accessions.**

- GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND (January 13th, 1932)
- Barbados
- Basutoland
- Bechuanaland Protectorate
- Bermuda
- British Guiana
- British Honduras
- Ceylon
- Cyprus
- Fiji
- Gambia (Colony and Protectorate)
- Gibraltar
- Gold Coast:
  - (a) Colony
  - (b) Ashanti
  - (c) Northern Territories
  - (d) Togoland under British Mandate
- Kenya (Colony and Protectorate)
- Malay States:
  - (a) Federated Malay States:
    - Negri Sembilan
    - Pahang
    - Perak
    - Selangor
  - (b) Unfederated Malay States:
    - Johore
    - Kedah
    - Kelantan
    - Perlis
    - Trengganu, and Brunei
- Malta
- Northern Rhodesia
- Nyasaland Protectorate
- Palestine (excluding Trans-Jordan)
- Seychelles
- Sierra Leone (Colony and Protectorate)
- Straits Settlements
- Swaziland
- Trinidad and Tobago
- Uganda Protectorate
- Windward Islands:
  - Grenada
  - St. Lucia
  - St. Vincent
- IRELAND (July 10th, 1936 a)

**Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.**

- BELGIUM
- CZECHOSLOVAKIA
- ECUADOR
- HUNGARY
- LUXEMBURG
- MEXICO
- ROUMANIA
- SPAIN
- TURKEY
- YUGOSLAVIA

**The Convention is open to Accession by:**

- AFGHANISTAN
- UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA
- ALBANIA
- UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
- SA’UDI ARABIA
- ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
- AUSTRALIA
- BOLIVIA
- BRAZIL
- BULGARIA
- CANADA
- CHILE
- CHINA
- COLOMBIA
- COSTA RICA
- CUBA
- DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
- EGYPT
- ESTONIA
- ETHIOPIA
- GUATEMALA
- HAITI
- HONDURAS
- ICELAND
- INDIA
- IRAQ
- IRAN
- LIBERIA
- LIBIA
- LIECHTENSTEIN
- LITHUANIA
- NEW ZEALAND
- PANAMA
- PARAGUAY
- PERU
- SALVADOR
- SAN MARINO
- SIAM
- SUDAN
- UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS
- URUGUAY
- VENEZUELA

3. CONVENTION ON THE STAMP LAWS IN CONNECTION WITH CHEQUES, AND PROTOCOL (continued).
(Geneva, March 19th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

*Free City of Danzig (through the intermediary of Poland) (June 24th, 1935)
Denmark (July 27th, 1932)
The Government of the King, by its acceptance of this Convention, does not intend to assume any obligations as regards Greenland.
Finland (August 31st, 1932)
France (April 27th, 1936 a)
*Germany (October 3rd, 1933)
*Greece (June 1st, 1934)
Italy (August 31st, 1933)
Japan (August 25th, 1933)
Monaco (February 9th, 1933)
*The Netherlands (for the Kingdom in Europe) (April 2nd, 1934)
Netherlands Indies and Curaçao (September 30th, 1935 a)
Surinam (August 7th, 1936 a)
Nicaragua (March 16, 1932 a)
Norway (July 27th, 1932)
Poland (December 19th, 1936 a)
*Portugal (June 8th, 1934)
Subject to the reservation that the provisions of the Convention do not apply to the colonial territory of Portugal.
Sweden (July 27th, 1932)
Switzerland (August 26th, 1932)  

XXX. ROAD TRAFFIC.

I. CONVENTION CONCERNING THE UNIFICATION OF ROAD SIGNALS.  
(Geneva, March 30th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

France (October 11th, 1934)
Does not assume any obligation in regard to Algeria, colonies, protectorates and territories under its mandate.
Algeria (July 22nd, 1935 a)
Hungary (January 8th, 1937)
Italy (September 25th, 1933)
Luxembourg (April 9th, 1936)
Monaco (January 19th, 1934)
The Netherlands (for the Kingdom in Europe, Surinam and Curaçao) (January 16th, 1934)
Belgium
Subject to subsequent accession for the colonies and territories under mandate.
Czechoslovakia
Free City of Danzig (through the intermediary of Poland)
Denmark
Germany
Yugoslavia

Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.

The Convention is open to Accession by:

Afghanistan
Union of South Africa
Albania
Argentine Republic
Australia
Bolivia
Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Bulgaria
Canada
Chile
China
Colombia

* All the parties to this Convention have agreed to consider the instrument of ratification deposited by this country, after the date stipulated in the Convention, as valid. The Japanese Government, however, is of opinion that this ratification has the character of an accession.

1 According to a declaration made by the Swiss Government when depositing the instrument of ratification of this Convention, the latter was to take effect, in respect of Switzerland, only after the adoption of a law revising Sections XXIV to XXXIII of the Federal Code of Obligations or, if necessary, of a special law regarding bills of exchange, promissory notes and cheques. The law above referred to having entered into force on July 1st, 1937, the Convention took effect, for Switzerland, as from that date.

1. Convention concerning the Unification of Road Signals (continued).

(Geneva, March 30th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

POLAND (April 5th, 1934)
PORTUGAL (April 18th, 1932 a)
Does not include the Portuguese Colonies.
ROUMANIA (June 15th, 1935 a)
SPAIN (July 18th, 1933)
SWEDEN (February 25th, 1938 a)
SWITZERLAND (October 19th, 1934)
TURKEY (October 15th, 1936)
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS (July 23rd, 1935 a)

Accessions.

CUBA
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
ECUADOR
EGYPT
ESTONIA
ETHIOPIA
FINLAND
GREECE
GUATEMALA
HAITI
HONDURAS
INDIA
IRAN
IRAQ
IRELAND
JAPAN
LATVIA
LIBERIA
LITHUANIA
MEXICO
NEW ZEALAND
NICARAGUA
NORWAY
PANAMA
PARAGUAY
PERU
SALVADOR
SIAM
URUGUAY
VENEZUELA


(Geneva, March 30th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

BELGIUM (November 9th, 1932)
Subject to subsequent accession for the colonies and territories under mandate.

GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND (April 20th, 1932)
Does not include any colonies, protectorates or overseas territories or territories under suzerainty or mandate.

SOUTHERN RHODESIA (August 6th, 1932 a)

NEWFOUNDLAND (January 9th, 1933 a)
Ceylon
Cyprus
Gold Coast:
Colony
Ashanti
Northern Territories
Togoland under British mandate

Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA
FREE CITY OF DANZIG (through the intermediary of Poland)

The Convention is open to Accession by:

AFGHANISTAN
UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA
ALBANIA
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
AUSTRALIA
BOLIVIA
CANADA
CHILE
CHINA
COLOMBIA
CUBA
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
ECUADOR
EGYPT
ESTONIA
ETHIOPIA
FRANCE
GERMANY
GREECE
GUATEMALA
HAITI

2. CONVENTION ON THE TAXATION OF FOREIGN MOTOR VEHICLES, WITH PROTOCOL-ANNEX (continued).

(Geneva, March 30th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions. The Convention is open to Accession by:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accessions</th>
<th>Hong-Kong</th>
<th>HONDURAS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Jamaica</td>
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<td>Malta</td>
<td>INDIA</td>
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<td>Windward Islands:</td>
<td>IRAQ</td>
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<td>Grenada, St. Lucia, St. Vincent</td>
<td>JAPAN</td>
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<td>Nigeria:</td>
<td>LATVIA</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Colony, Protectorate, Camerons under British Mandate</td>
<td>LIBERIA</td>
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<td>Sierra Leone:</td>
<td>LITHUANIA</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(Colony and Protectorate)</td>
<td>MEXICO</td>
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<td>Palestine:</td>
<td>MONACO</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(excluding Trans-Jordan) (April 29th, 1936 a)</td>
<td>NEW ZEALAND</td>
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<td>Stras Settlements:</td>
<td>NICARAGUA</td>
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<td>Federated Malay States:</td>
<td>NORWAY</td>
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<td>Negri Sembilan, Pahang, Perak, Selangor</td>
<td>PANAMA</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Unfederated Malay States:</td>
<td>PARAGUAY</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Johore, Kedah, Kelantan, Perlis, Trengganu</td>
<td>PERU</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Kenya (Colony and Protectorate)</td>
<td>SALVADOR</td>
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<td>SIAM</td>
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<td>Nyasaland</td>
<td>URUGUAY</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tanganyika Territory</td>
<td>VENEZUELA</td>
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<td>Northern Rhodesia</td>
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<td>IRELAND (November 27th, 1933 a)</td>
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<td>BULGARIA (March 5th, 1932 a)</td>
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<td>DENMARK (December 4th, 1931)</td>
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<td>FINLAND (May 23rd, 1934 a)</td>
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<td>ITALY (September 25th, 1933)</td>
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<td>LUXEMBURG (March 31st, 1933)</td>
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<td>THE NETHERLANDS (including the Netherlands Indies, Surinam and Curaçao) (January 16th, 1934)</td>
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<td>POLAND (June 15th, 1934)</td>
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<td>PORTUGAL (January 23rd, 1932)</td>
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<td>ROUMANIA (June 19th, 1935 a)</td>
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<td>SPAIN (June 3rd, 1933)</td>
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<td>SWEDEN (November 9th, 1933)</td>
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<td>SWITZERLAND (October 19th, 1934)</td>
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<td>TURKEY (September 25th, 1936)</td>
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<td>UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS (July 23rd, 1935 a)</td>
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<td>YUGOSLAVIA (May 9th, 1933 a)</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. AGREEMENT BETWEEN CUSTOMS AUTHORITIES IN ORDER TO FACILITATE THE PROCEDURE IN THE CASE OF UNDISCHARGED OR LOST TRIPTYCHS.¹

(Geneva, March 28th, 1931.)

In Force.

Definitive Signatures. The Agreement is open to Signature by:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signatures ad referendum.</th>
<th>BELGIUM (March 28th, 1931)</th>
<th>YUGOSLAVIA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GREAT BRITAIN and NORTHERN</td>
<td>ALBANIA</td>
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<td>IRELAND (March 28th, 1931)</td>
<td>FREE CITY OF DANZIG</td>
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<td>IRELAND (May 6th, 1931)</td>
<td>ESTONIA</td>
</tr>
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<td>BULGARIA (February 27th, 1932)</td>
<td>FINLAND</td>
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<td>CZECHOSLOVAKIA (June 28th, 1933)</td>
<td>ICELAND</td>
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<tr>
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<td>DENMARK (March 28th, 1931)</td>
<td>LATVIA</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>LIECHTENSTEIN</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Agreement between Customs Authorities in order to facilitate the procedure in the case of undischarged or lost triptychs (continued).

(Geneva, March 28th, 1931.)

Definitive Signatures.

In Force.

The Agreement is open to Signature by:

FRANCE (April 15th, 1931)
GERMANY (March 28th, 1931)
Greece (August 18th, 1931)
HUNGARY (August 14th, 1931)
ITALY (May 27th, 1931)
Luxembourg (March 28th, 1931)
The Netherlands (June 11th, 1931)
Norway (September 27th, 1932)
Poland (September 9th, 1932)
Portugal (August 26th, 1931)
Roumania (June 15th, 1935)
Spain (July 8th, 1931)
Sweden (February 12th, 1932)
Switzerland (March 28th, 1931)
Turkey (May 15th, 1932)
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (September 6th, 1935)

XXXI. INTERNATIONAL AGRICULTURAL MORTGAGE CREDIT COMPANY.

Convention for the Creation of an International Agricultural Mortgage Credit Company, with Charter and Statutes.\(^1\)

(Geneva, May 21st, 1931.)

Not in Force.

The Convention is open to Accession by:

1. The European Members of the League of Nations, within the time-limit and under the conditions provided for in Article 15, § a.
2. The non-European Members of the League of Nations, within the time-limit and under the conditions provided for in Article 15, § b.

Ratifications

Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.

GREECE (August 31st, 1931)
LATVIA (September 28th, 1931)
POLAND (April 22nd, 1932)
Roumania (February 4th, 1932)
Switzerland (December 31st, 1931)
Yugoslavia (January 16th, 1934)

BELGIUM
GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND
BULGARIA
CZECHOSLOVAKIA
DENMARK

The Danish Government reserves the right to make the entry into force of this Convention, as regards Denmark, subject to its being ratified and also put into force by Norway and Sweden.

ESTONIA
FINLAND
FRANCE
GERMANY
HUNGARY
ITALY
Lithuania
Luxembourg
THE NETHERLANDS
(for the Kingdom in Europe only)
Portugal
Spain
Sweden

1 The present Convention shall come into force as soon as the amount of the contributions, whether obligatory or voluntary, to the Special Reserve due from the Governments which have ratified the Convention attains the sum of twenty-five million francs. If this condition is not realised before December 31st, 1931, a Conference of the Governments which have ratified the Convention shall be called by the Council of the League of Nations. This Conference will determine new conditions for the coming into force of the Convention (Article 16).

2 On signing this Convention, the Swedish Plenipotentiary made the following declaration:

"The Swedish Government reserves the right to make its ratification of this Convention depend on the attitude which the Governments of Denmark and Norway shall adopt towards it."
XXXII. TRAFFIC IN OPIUM AND OTHER DANGEROUS DRUGS.

4. Convention for limiting the Manufacture and regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs.¹ (Geneva, July 13th, 1931.)

**In Force.**

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

- **ARGENTINE REPUBLIC**
- **BOLIVIA**
- **ETHIOPIA**
- **LIBERIA**
- **PARAGUAY**
- **ICELAND**
- **YUGOSLAVIA**

**Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.**

- **AFGHANISTAN** (June 21st, 1935)
- **ALBANIA** (October 9th, 1937)
- **UNITED STATES OF AMERICA** (April 28th, 1932)

1. The Government of the United States of America reserves the right to impose, for purpose of internal control and control of import into, and export from, territory under its jurisdiction, of opium, coca leaves, all of their derivatives and similar substances produced by synthetic process, measures stricter than the provisions of the Convention.

2. The Government of the United States of America reserves the right to impose, for purposes of controlling transit through its territories of raw opium, coca leaves, all of their derivatives and similar substances produced by synthetic process, measures by which the production of an import permit issued by the country of destination may be made a condition precedent to the granting of permission for transit through its territory.

3. The Government of the United States of America finds it impracticable to undertake to send statistics of import and export to the Permanent Central Opium Board short of 60 days after the close of the three months' period to which such statistics refer.

4. The Government of the United States of America finds it impracticable to undertake to state separately amounts of drugs purchased or imported for Government purposes.

5. Plenipotentiaries of the United States of America formally declare that the signing of the Convention for limiting the Manufacture and regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs by them on the part of the United States of America on this date is not to be construed to mean that the Government of the United States of America recognizes a regime or entity which signs or accedes to the Convention as the Government of a country when that regime or entity is not recognized by the Government of the United States of America.

6. The plenipotentiaries of the United States of America further declare that the participation of the United States of America in the Convention for limiting the Manufacture and regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs, signed on this date, does not involve any contractual obligation on the part of the United States of America to a country represented by a regime or entity which the Government of the United States of America does not recognize as the Government of that country until such country has a Government recognized by the Government of the United States of America.

4. CONVENTION FOR LIMITING THE MANUFACTURE AND REGULATING THE DISTRIBUTION OF NARCOTIC DRUGS (continued).

(Geneva, July 13th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

SA’UDI ARABIA (August 15th, 1936)
BELGIUM (April 10th, 1933)
This ratification does not include the Belgian Congo, nor the Territory of Ruanda-Urundi under Belgian mandate.

BRAZIL (April 5th, 1933)
GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND (April 1st, 1933)
His Majesty does not assume any obligation in respect of any of His colonies, protectorates and overseas territories or territories under suzerainty or under mandate exercised by His Government in the United Kingdom.

British Honduras
British Solomon Islands Protectorate
Ceylon
Cyprus
Falkland Islands and Dependencies
Gambia (Colony and Protectorate)
Gibraltar
Gold Coast: (a) Colony
(b) Ashanti
(c) Northern Territories
(d) Togoland under British Mandate

Hong-Kong
Kenya (Colony and Protectorate)
Leeward Islands: Antigua
Dominica
Montserrat
St. Christopher and Nevis
Virgin Islands
Mauritius
Nigeria: (a) Colony
(b) Protectorate
(c) Cameroons under British Mandate

North Borneo, State of
Northern Rhodesia
Nyasaland Protectorate
Sarawak
Seychelles
Sierra Leone (Colony and Protectorate)
Somaliland Protectorate
Straits Settlements
Tanganyika Territory
Tonga
Trinidad and Tobago
Uganda Protectorate
Zanzibar Protectorate
Southern Rhodesia (July 14th, 1937 a)

NEWFOUNDLAND (June 28th, 1937 a)

Barbados
Bermuda
British Guiana
Fiji
Malay States: (a) Federated Malay States: Neger Sembilan Pahang Perak Selangor
(b) Unfederated Malay States: Kedah Perlis Brunei
Palestine (excluding Trans-Jordan)
St. Helena and Ascension
Trans-Jordan
Windward Islands: Grenada
St. Vincent

CANADA (October 17th, 1932)
4. CONVENTION FOR LIMITING THE MANUFACTURE AND REGULATING THE DISTRIBUTION OF NARCOTIC DRUGS (continued).

(Geneva, July 13th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

AUSTRALIA (January 24th, 1934 a)
This accession applies to Papua, Norfolk Island and the mandated territories of New Guinea and Nauru.

NEW ZEALAND (June 17th, 1935 a)

IRELAND (April 11th, 1933 a)

INDIA (November 14th, 1932)

BULGARIA (March 20th, 1933 a)

CHILE (March 31st, 1933)

CHINA (January 10th, 1934 a)

COLOMBIA (January 29th, 1934 a)

COSTA RICA (April 5th, 1933)

CUBA (April 4th, 1933)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA (April 12th, 1933)

FREE CITY OF DANZIG (through the intermediary of Poland) (April 18th, 1933)

DENMARK (June 5th, 1936)

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC (April 8th, 1933)

EGYPT (April 10th, 1933)

ECUADOR (April 13th, 1935 a)

ESTONIA (July 5th, 1935 a)

FINLAND (September 25th, 1936 a)

FRANCE (April 10th, 1933)

GERMANY (April 10th, 1933)

GREECE (December 27th, 1934)

GUATEMALA (May 1st, 1933)

HAITI (May 4th, 1933)

HONDURAS (September 21st, 1934 a)

HUNGARY (April 10th, 1933 a)

IRELAND (April 10th, 1933 a)

IRAN (September 28th, 1932)

IRAQ (May 30th, 1934 a)

ITALY (March 21st, 1933)

JAPAN (June 3rd, 1935)

LATVIA (August 3rd, 1937 a)

LIECHTENSTEIN 3

LITHUANIA (April 10th, 1933)

LUXEMBURG (May 30th, 1936)

MEXICO (March 13th, 1933)

The Government of the United States of Mexico reserves the right to impose in its territory—as it has already done—measures more severe than those laid down by the Convention itself, for the restriction of the cultivation or the preparation, use, possession, importation, exportation and consumption of the drugs to which the present Convention refers.

1 Before ratifying the Convention with the declaration here set out, the Japanese Government consulted the Contracting Parties, through the intermediary of the Secretary-General. A summary of the correspondence which took place was published in the League of Nations Official Journal for September 1935 (16th Year, No. 9).
2 The Swiss Federal Political Department, by a letter dated July 15th, 1936, informed the Secretariat of the following: "Under the terms of the arrangements concluded between the Government of the Principality of Liechtenstein and the Swiss Government in 1929 and 1935, in application of the Customs Union Treaty concluded between these two countries on March 29th, 1923, the Swiss legislation on narcotic drugs, including all the measures taken by the Federal authorities to give effect to the different international Conventions on dangerous drugs, will be applicable to the territory of the Principality in the same way as to the territory of the Confederation, as long as the said Treaty remains in force. The Principality of Liechtenstein will accordingly participate, so long as the said Treaty remains in force, in the international Conventions which have been or may hereafter be concluded in the matter of narcotic drugs, it being neither necessary nor advisable for that country to accede to them separately."
4. Convention for Limiting the Manufacture and Regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs (continued).

(Geneva, July 13th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

MONACO (February 16th, 1933)
THE NETHERLANDS (including the Netherlands Indies, Surinam and Curaçao) (May 22nd, 1933)
NICARAGUA (March 16th, 1932 a)
NORWAY (September 12th, 1934 a)
PANAMA (April 15th, 1935)
PERU (May 20th, 1932 a)
POLAND (April 11th, 1933)
PORTUGAL (June 17th, 1932)

The Portuguese Government makes every reservation with regard to its colonies as to the possibility of regularly producing the quarterly statistics referred to in Article 13 within the strict time-limit laid down.

ROMANIA (April 11th, 1933)
SALVADOR (April 7th, 1933 a)
(a) The Republic of Salvador does not agree to the provisions of Article 26, on the ground that there is no reason why the High Contracting Parties should be given the option of not applying the Convention to their colonies, protectorates, and overseas mandated territories.
(b) The Republic of Salvador states that it disagrees with the reservations embodied in Nos. 5 and 6 of the declarations made by the plenipotentiaries of the United States of America regarding Governments not recognised by the Government of that country; in its opinion, those reservations constitute an infringement of the national sovereignty of Salvador, whose present Government, though not as yet recognised by the United States Government, has been recognised by the majority of the civilised countries of the world. Their recognition is due to their conviction that that Government is a perfectly constitutional one and affords a full and complete guarantee of the performance of its international duties, inasmuch as it enjoys the unanimous, decided and effective support of all the inhabitants of the Republic, whether citizens of the country or foreigners resident therein.

As it respects the internal regimes of other nations, the Republic of Salvador considers that the Convention in question, being of a strictly hygienic and humanitarian character, does not offer a suitable occasion to formulate such political reservations as have called forth this comment.

SAN MARINO (June 12th, 1933)
SIAM (February 22nd, 1934)

As its harmful-habit-forming drugs law goes beyond the provisions of the Geneva Convention and the present Convention on certain points, the Siamese Government reserves the right to apply its existing law.

SPAIN (April 7th, 1933)
SUDAN (August 25th, 1932 a)
SWEDEN (August 12th, 1932)
SWITZERLAND (April 10th, 1933)
TURKEY (April 3rd, 1933 a)
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS (October 31st, 1935 a)
URUGUAY (April 7th, 1933)
VENEZUELA (November 15th, 1933)

Protocol of Signature.

(Geneva, July 13th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

Albania (October 9th, 1937 a)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (April 28th, 1932)
SA'UDI ARABIA (August 15th, 1936)
BELGIUM (April 10th, 1933)
BRAZIL (April 5th, 1933)
GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND (April 1st, 1933)

Same reservation as for the Convention.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
BOLIVIA
ETHIOPIA
GUATEMALA
PANAMA
PARAGUAY

The Protocol is open to Accession by:

AFGHANISTAN
BULGARIA
CHINA
HAITI
ICELAND
IRAQ
LATVIA
LIBERIA
SA'UDI ARABIA
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS
YUGOSLAVIA

Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.
British Honduras
British Solomon Islands Protectorate
Ceylon
Cyprus
Falkland Islands and Dependencies
Gambia ( Colony and Protectorate)
Gibraltar
Gold Coast:
(a) Colony
(b) Ashanti
(c) Northern Territories
(d) Togoland under British Mandate
Hong-Kong
Kenya ( Colony and Protectorate)
Leeward Islands:
Antigua
Dominica
Montserrat
St. Christopher and Nevis
Virgin Islands
Mauritius
Nigeria:
(a) Colony
(b) Protectorate
(c) Cameroons under British Mandate
North Borneo, State of
Northern Rhodesia
Nyasaland Protectorate
Sarawak
Seychelles
Sierra Leone ( Colony and Protectorate)
Somaliland Protectorate
Straits Settlements
Tanganyika Territory
Tonga
Trinidad and Tobago
Uganda Protectorate
Zanzibar Protectorate
Southern Rhodesia (July 14th, 1937 a)
NEWFOUNDLAND (June 28th, 1937 a)
Barbados
Bermuda
British Guiana
Fiji
Malay States:
(a) Federated Malay States:
  Negri Sembilan
  Pahang
  Perak
  Selangor
(b) Unfederated Malay States:
  Kedah
  Perlis, and
  Brunei
Palestine (excluding Trans-Jordan)
St. Helena and Ascension
Trans-Jordan
Windward Islands:
Grenada
St. Vincent
4. CONVENTION FOR LIMITING THE MANUFACTURE AND REGULATING THE DISTRIBUTION OF NARCOTIC DRUGS (continued).

PROTOCOL OF SIGNATURE (continued).

(Geneva, July 13th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

CANADA (October 17th, 1932)
AUSTRALIA (January 24th, 1934 a)
NEW ZEALAND (June 17th, 1935 a)
Union of South Africa (January 4th, 1938 a)
IRELAND (April 11th, 1933 a)
INDIA (November 14th, 1932)
CHILE (November 20th, 1933)
COLOMBIA (January 29th, 1934 a)
COSTA RICA (April 5th, 1933)
CUBA (April 4th, 1933)
CZECHOSLOVAKIA (April 12th, 1933 a)
Free City of Danzig (through the intermediary of Poland) (April 18th, 1933)
DENMARK (June 5th, 1936)
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC (April 8th, 1933)
ECUADOR (April 13th, 1935 a)
EGYPT (April 10th, 1933)
ESTONIA (July 5th, 1935 a)
FINLAND (September 25th, 1936 a)
FRANCE (April 10th, 1933)
GERMANY (April 10th, 1933)
GREECE (December 27th, 1934)
HONDURAS (September 21st, 1934 a)
HUNGARY (April 10th, 1933 a)
IRAN (September 28th, 1932)
ITALY (March 21st, 1933)
IRELAND (April 11th, 1933 a)
JAPAN (June 3rd, 1935)
LIECHTENSTEIN 1
LITHUANIA (April 10th, 1933)
LUXEMBURG (May 30th, 1936)
MEXICO (March 13th, 1933)
MONACO (March 20th, 1933)
The Netherlands 2 (including Netherlands Indies, Surinam and Curacao) (May 22nd, 1933)
NICARAGUA (March 16th, 1932 a)
NORWAY (September 12th, 1934 a)
PERU (May 20th, 1932 a)
POLAND (April 11th, 1933)
PORTUGAL (June 17th, 1932)
ROUMANIA (April 11th, 1933)
SAN MARINO (June 12th, 1933)
SIAM (February 22nd, 1934)
SPAIN (April 7th, 1933)
SUDAN (January 18th, 1933 a)
SWEDEN (August 12th, 1932)
SWITZERLAND (April 10th, 1933)
TURKEY (April 3rd, 1933 a)
URUGUAY (April 7th, 1933)
VENEZUELA (September 11th, 1934)

1 Same note as for the Convention.
2 The instrument of ratification specifies that the reservation relating to paragraph 2 of Article 22, as formulated by the Netherlands representative at the time of signature of the Protocol, should be considered as withdrawn.
XXXIII. WHALING.

CONVENTION FOR THE REGULATION OF WHALING. 1

(Geneva, September 24th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Date of Accession</th>
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<td>Brazil</td>
<td>November 21st, 1932</td>
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<tr>
<td>Great Britain and Northern Ireland</td>
<td>October 18th, 1934</td>
</tr>
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</table>

His Majesty does not assume any obligations in respect of any of His colonies, protectorates, overseas territories or territories under suzerainty or under mandate exercised by His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom.

Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.

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The Convention is open to Accession by:

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<td>Venezuela</td>
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</tbody>
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CONVENTION FOR THE REGULATION OF WHALING (continued)

(Geneva, September 24th, 1931.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

Malta
Mauritius
Nigeria:
(a) Colony
(b) Protectorate
(c) Cameroons under British Mandate
North Borneo, State of Palestine (excluding Trans-Jordan)
St. Helena and Ascension
Sarawak
Seychelles
Sierra Leone (Colony and Protectorate)
Somaliland Protectorate
Straits Settlements
Tanganyika Territory
Tonga
Trinidad and Tobago
Windward Islands:
Grenada
St. Lucia
St. Vincent
Zanzibar Protectorate

NEWFOUNDLAND (February 17th, 1937 a)
CANADA (December 12th, 1935)
NEW ZEALAND (October 16th, 1935)
UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA
(January 11th, 1933)
IRELAND (April 9th, 1938 a)
CZECHOSLOVAKIA (October 20th, 1933)
DENMARK (including Greenland) (June 26th, 1934)
ECUADOR (April 13th, 1935 a)
EGYPT (January 25th, 1933 a)
FINLAND (March 21st, 1936)
FRANCE (May 16th, 1935)
ITALY (June 12th, 1933)
The accession of the Italian Government to this Convention can in no way constitute a precedent for future agreements providing for the limitation of fishing in extra-territorial sea.

LATVIA (September 17th, 1935 a)
MEXICO (March 13th, 1933)
MONACO (June 7th, 1932 a)
THE NETHERLANDS (including the Netherlands Indies, Surinam and Curaçao) (May 30th, 1933)
NICARAGUA (April 30th, 1932 a)
NORWAY (July 18th, 1932)
POLAND (September 27th, 1933)
SUDAN (April 13th, 1932 a)
SPAIN (August 2nd, 1933)
SWITZERLAND (February 16th, 1933)
TURKEY (May 28th, 1934)
YUGOSLAVIA (January 16th, 1934)
XXXIV. MEANS OF PREVENTING WAR.

General Convention to Improve the Means of Preventing War.¹
(Geneva, September 26th, 1931.)

Not in Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions. Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification. The Convention is open to Accession by:

The Netherlands (including the Netherlands Indies, Surinam and Curacao) (May 30th, 1933) AFGHANISTAN
Nicaragua (April 1st, 1935 a) Union of South Africa
Norway (July 18th, 1932) United States of America
Peru (March 29th, 1932) Sa'udi Arabia

Albania
Belgium
Bulgaria
Colombia
Czechoslovakia
Denmark
France
Ratification cannot take place until it has been possible for the Government of the Republic to ascertain that the regulations provided for in Article 4, and which must be elaborated in order to enter into force at the same time as the Convention, ensure the guarantees of control which are deemed necessary by the French Government.

Germany
Greece
Lithuania
Luxembourg
Panama
This signature does not affect in any way the provisions of the treaties of conciliation and arbitration concluded up to this date by the Republic of Panama with other Powers.

Portugal
Siam
Spain
Sweden
Switzerland
Uruguay

Belgium (June 8th, 1936) The Belgian Government reserve the right to take measures to prohibit or restrict importation for reasons based on the necessity for defending their market against invasion by films of foreign origin.

Albania
United States of America

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions. Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification. The Convention is open to Accession by:

AFGHANISTAN
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
BOLIVIA
BRAZIL
CANADA
CHILE
CHINA
COLOMBIA
SOUTH AFRICA
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
ECUADOR
ETHIOPIA
FINLAND
GUATEMALA
HAITI
HONDURAS
HUNGARY
INDIA
IRAQ
IRELAND
ITALY
CZECHOSLOVAKIA
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
ITALY
JAPAN
LATVIA
LIBERIA
MEXICO
NEW ZEALAND
PARAGUAY
PERU
POLAND
SALVADOR
TURKEY
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
VENEZUELA
[REPUBLICS]
YUGOSLAVIA

¹ A proces-verbal shall be drawn up by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations as soon as ratifications or accessions on behalf of ten Members of the League of Nations or non-member States have been deposited (Article 13, § 1).

In Force.

**Ratifications or definitive Accessions.**

The Belgian Government declare that they do not assume any obligation as regards the Belgian Congo and the Territory of Ruanda-Urundi.

**GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND** (February 26th, 1936)

His Majesty is not assuming any obligation in respect of all or any of his colonies, protectorates, overseas territories or the territories under his suzerainty, or territories in respect of which a mandate has been confided to him and is being exercised by His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom.

**NEWFOUNDLAND** (June 29th, 1936 a)

**AUSTRALIA** (December 23rd, 1936 a)

Including the Territories of Papua and Norfolk Island and the Mandated Territories of New Guinea and Nauru.

**Union of South Africa** (January 4th, 1938 a)

**IRELAND** (July 24th, 1934 a)

**INDIA** (October 17th, 1934)

Under the terms of Article XX of the Convention, this signature is not binding as regards the enforcement of the provisions of the Convention in the territories in India of any Prince or Chief under the suzerainty of His Majesty.

**BULGARIA** (July 10th, 1934 a)

**CHILE** (March 20th, 1935)

With reservation as to the right provided for in Article IX.

**CUBA** (June 25th, 1936 a)

**DENMARK** (July 10th, 1935)

In conformity with paragraph 1 of Article XX of the Convention, Denmark does not assume any obligation as regards Greenland.

**EGYPT** (February 8th, 1936)

**GREECE** (January 27th, 1937)

**HUNGARY** (May 9th, 1936)

With reservation, for the Hungarian Government, of the right provided in Article IX to take measures to prohibit or restrict importation for reasons based on the necessity for defending its market against invasion by films of foreign origin.

**IRAN** (April 12th, 1935 a)

**IRAQ** (February 18th, 1936 a)

**ITALY** (November 21st, 1934)

**LATVIA** (October 21st, 1935)

**MONACO** (September 11th, 1934)

**NICARAGUA** (September 7th, 1935)

**NORWAY** (June 26th, 1935)

**Poland** (September 25th, 1937)

Subject to the reservation, provided for in Article IX, of the right to take measures to prohibit or restrict importation for reasons based on the necessity for defending its market against invasion by films of foreign origin.

**Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.**

**Islands, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa and the Island of Guam.**

**FINLAND**

**FRANCE**

Subject to the reservation mentioned in Article IX, and declaring that the signature of the Convention shall be effective only as regards the home territory of France.

**PANAMA**

**URUGUAY**

The Convention is open to Accession by:

**COLOMBIA**

**COSTA RICA**

**CZECHOSLOVAKIA**

**FREE CITY OF DANZIG**

**DOMINICAN REPUBLIC**

**ECUADOR**

**ESTONIA**

**ETHIOPIA**

**GERMANY**

**GUATEMALA**

**HAITI**

**HONDURAS**

**JAPAN**

**LIBERIA**

**LITHUANIA**

**NEWFOUNDLAND (June 29th, 1936 a)**

**NEW ZEALAND**

**NORWAY (June 26th, 1935)**

**POLAND (September 25th, 1937)**

**PORTUGAL**

**SPAIN**

**SOUTH AFRICA**

**TURKEY**

**IRAQ (February 18th, 1936 a)**

**ITALY (November 21st, 1934)**

**LATVIA (October 21st, 1935)**

**MONACO (September 11th, 1934)**

**NICARAGUA (September 7th, 1935)**

**NORWAY (June 26th, 1935)**

**Poland (September 25th, 1937)**

Subject to the reservation, provided for in Article IX, of the right to take measures to prohibit or restrict importation for reasons based on the necessity for defending its market against invasion by films of foreign origin.
CONVENTION FOR FACILITATING THE INTERNATIONAL CIRCULATION OF FILMS OF AN EDUCATIONAL CHARACTER (continued).

(Geneva, October 11th, 1933.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

ROUMANIA (June 19th, 1935)
Subject to the reservation mentioned in Article IX.

SWEDEN (December 27th, 1936)

SWITZERLAND (April 20th, 1934)

XXXVI. TRAFFIC IN WOMEN.

2. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF THE TRAFFIC IN WOMEN OF FULL AGE. ¹

(Geneva, October 11th, 1933.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

AFGHANISTAN (April 10th, 1935 a)

AUSTRALIA (September 2nd, 1936)
(Including Papua and Norfolk Island and the mandated territories of New Guinea and Nauru.)

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA (November 20th, 1935)

BELGIUM (June 11th, 1936)
With reservation as regards Article 10.

BRAZIL (June 24th, 1938 a)

BULGARIA (December 19th, 1934)

CHILE (March 20th, 1935)

CUBA (June 25th, 1936 a)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA (July 27th, 1935)

FINLAND (December 21st, 1936 a)

GREECE (August 20th, 1937)

HUNGARY (August 12th, 1935)

IRAN (April 12th, 1935 a)

IRELAND (May 25th, 1938 a)

LATVIA (September 17th, 1935)

MEXICO (May 3rd, 1938 a)

THE NETHERLANDS (including the Netherlands Indies, Surinam and Curacao) (September 20th, 1935)

NICARAGUA (December 12th, 1935 a)

NORWAY (June 26th, 1935)

POLAND (December 8th, 1937)

PORTUGAL (January 7th, 1937)

ROUMANIA (June 6th, 1935 a)

SWEDEN (June 25th, 1934)

SWITZERLAND (June 6th, 1934)

Signature not yet perfected by Ratification.

ALBANIA

GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND and all parts of the British Empire which are not separate members of the League of Nations.

CHINA

FREE CITY OF DANZIG (through the intermediary of Poland)

FRANCE

GERMANY

LITHUANIA

MONACO

PANAMA

SPAIN

YUGOSLAVIA

The Convention is open to Accession by:

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

SA'UDI ARABIA

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC

BOLIVIA

CANADA

COLOMBIA

COSTA RICA

DENMARK

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

EGYPT

ECUADOR

ESTONIA

ETHIOPIA

GUATEMALA

HAITI

HONDURAS

INDIA

IRAQ

ICELAND

ITALY

JAPAN

LIBERIA

LIECHTENSTEIN

LUXEMBURG

NEW ZEALAND

PARAGUAY

PERU

SALVADOR

SAN MARINO

SIAM

TURKEY

UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS

URUGUAY

VENEZUELA

XXXVII. REFUGEES.

Convention relating to the International Status of Refugees. ¹

(Geneva, October 28th, 1933.)

In Force.

Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.

The Convention is open to Accession by:

AFGHANISTAN
UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA
ALBANIA
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
AUSTRALIA
BOLIVIA
BRAZIL
CANADA
CHILE
CHINA
COLOMBIA
CUBA
FREE CITY OF DANZIG
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
ECUADOR
ESTONIA
ETHIOPIA
FINLAND
GERMANY
GREECE
GUATEMALA
HAITI
HONDURAS
HUNGARY
INDIA
IRAN
IRAQ
IRELAND
JAPAN
LATVIA
LIBERIA
LIECHTENSTEIN
LITHUANIA
LUXEMBURG
MEXICO
MONACO
THE NETHERLANDS
NEW ZEALAND
NICARAGUA
PANAMA
PARAGUAY
PERU
POLAND
PORTUGAL
ROUMANIA
SALVADOR
SIAM
SPAIN
SWEDEN
SWITZERLAND
TURKEY
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS
URUGUAY
VENEZUELA
YUGOSLAVIA


Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

Belgium (August 4th, 1937)
Subject to the following reservations:

1. Article 1. His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom regard the Convention as applicable only to Russian, Armenian and assimilated refugees who at the date of the present accession no longer enjoy the protection of their country of origin.

2. Article 3. The first paragraph will not be applicable to refugees who have been admitted to the United Kingdom as a temporary visit or purpose.

3. Article 7 will not be applicable to refugees who have been admitted to the United Kingdom for a temporary visit or purpose.

4. Article 12. Owing to the special position of schools and universities in the United Kingdom, this Article is not accepted.

5. Article 14 is not accepted. His Majesty does not assume any obligation in respect of any of his colonies, protectorates, overseas territories, territories under his suzerainty, or territories administered under mandate by His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom.

Article 1:
Apart from such modifications or amplifications as each Contracting Party may introduce in this definition, my Government reserves the right to extend or limit the said definition in any way.

Article 2:
Bearsers of Nansen certificates may not be admitted into Egypt unless the said certificates contain a visa for return to the countries by which they were issued. If these refugees are authorised to sojourn in Egypt, the competent local authorities reserve the right to issue them Egyptian travel papers.

Article 3:
These authorities reserve the right to expel such refugees at any moment for reasons of public security.

Article 4:
Moreover, as regards the acquired rights referred to in paragraph 3 of Article 4 of the draft Convention, it should be stipulated that in order to ensure respect for such rights due account must be taken of international public order and of internal public order as the latter is conceived and applied in Egyptian law. Further, in order to dispel any misunderstanding, it should be stipulated that the rights in question are only those relating to personal status.

Article 13:
This article must not in any case invalidate or impair our reservation relating to Egyptian travel papers together with the consequences involved in the application of that reservation.

Article 14:
Our signature does not apply to this Article.

The Egyptian Government wishes it to be understood that the committees referred to in Article 15 will not be invested with the powers laid down in paragraphs 2 and 3 of the said Article in the event of its desiring to reserve the said powers for the representatives of the local authority.

* * *

The Egyptian Government reserves the right to substitute, should the case arise, and whenever it may think fit, assimilation to nationals, for the most favourable treatment granted to nationals of a foreign country, in all the provisions of the Convention in which such treatment is stipulated.
CONVENTION RELATING TO THE INTERNATIONAL STATUS OF REFUGEES (continued).

(Geneva, October 28th, 1933.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

BULGARIA (December 19th, 1934)
Subject to the following reservations:
I. Article 1. — The Bulgarian Government maintains the reservations made by the Bulgarian delegate on signing the Arrangement of June 30th, 1928, concerning the extension to other categories of refugees of certain measures taken in favour of Russian and Armenian refugees.

II. Article 2. — The departure from the country of refugees in possession of Nansen certificates (passports) shall be governed by the general regulations in force in this respect. Bulgarian consuls will be empowered in cases of force majeure to extend Nansen certificates issued in Bulgaria for a period of three months. The cost of visas for Nansen certificates shall be fixed in accordance with the tariff applicable to the nationals of the country by which the certificate was issued.

III. Article 6. — Exemption from cautio judicatum solvi shall be at the discretion of the courts in each individual case.

IV. Article 7. — The Bulgarian Government cannot accept points (a) and (d).

V. Articles 8 and 10 (formerly 7 and 9). — Disability and old-age pensions shall be paid (regard being had to the possibilities of the fund concerned) to the persons entitled, their heirs and assignes, provided always that such persons are resident in the country.

VI. Article 13. — The Bulgarian Government cannot accept the first paragraph, as refugees resident in Bulgaria are subject to the same treatment as other foreign nationals resident in the country.

VII. Article 15. — The Bulgarian Government cannot accept paragraphs 2 and 3.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA (May 14th, 1935)
Subject to the following reservations:
A. The Czechoslovak Government will regard as refugees within the meaning of Article 1 only such persons as formerly actually possessed Russian or Turkish nationality, lost it before January 1st, 1923, and have not acquired any other nationality.

B. The accession of the Czechoslovak Republic does not apply to:

(a) Paragraph 3 of Article 2, whereby consuls are qualified to extend Nansen certificates;

(b) Paragraph 3 of Article 3, so far as it limits the power of the national authorities to expel persons who constitute a danger to the safety of the State and public order; nor, of course, do the provisions of Article 3 in any way affect expulsions by order of the courts, or obligations deriving from extradition treaties or from the Czechoslovak laws regarding the extradition of aliens;

(c) The whole of Article 7, which exempts refugees from the application of the provisions of laws and decrees for the protection of the national labour market;

(d) The whole of Article 14, which waives the condition of reciprocity;

(e) The whole of Article 15, which deals with the creation of local committees.

C. Articles 4 and 5, dealing with the juridical condition of refugees, and Articles 8, 9, 10 and 11, dealing with industrial accidents and welfare and relief, will be applied in Czechoslovakia only so far as the laws of the country permit.

DENMARK (December 21st, 1935)
With reservation as regards Articles 7 and 14 of the Convention. This accession does not include Greenland.

FRANCE (November 3rd, 1936)
Subject to the following reservations:

(1) Article 7 shall not preclude the application of the laws and regulations fixing the proportion of wage-earning foreigners that employers are authorised to employ in France;

(2) The organisation, in France, of committees such as are provided for in Article 15 shall not, if it takes place, confer on them powers incompatible with the existing laws in the matter of finding employment;

(3) The French Government, by its acceptance of the present Convention, is not assuming any obligation in regard to the whole of its colonies, protectorates, overseas territories, territories placed under its suzerainty or territories in respect of which a mandate has been confined to it.

ITALY (January 16th, 1936)

1. Article 3 of the Convention cannot limit the right of the Italian authorities to apply measures of expulsion to refugees for reasons of national security and public order.

2. In accordance to the Convention, the Italian Government assumes no obligations in regard to its colonies and possessions.

NORWAY (June 26th, 1935)

With reservation as regards the provisions of Article 2, para. 3, and Article 14.

1 This reservation was worded as follows:

"On the understanding that the present Arrangement applies only to such refugees as are at the date on Bulgarian territory."
XXXVIII. VETERINARY QUESTIONS.

I. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE CAMPAIGN AGAINST CONTAGIOUS DISEASES OF ANIMALS, WITH DECLARATION ATTACHED.1

(Geneva, February 20th, 1935.)

In Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

Belgium (July 21st, 1937)
The Belgian Government does not regard the mere fact that in Belgium the inspection of meat, while carried out by Government veterinary surgeons or by veterinary surgeons approved by the Government, is placed under the supervision of the Minister of the Interior (Inspection of Foodstuffs), as being contrary to the provisions of Article 3, paragraph 5, of the present Convention; particularly since all the requirements of the said Article are observed in Belgium.

Bulgaria (August 28th, 1936)
Iraq (December 24th, 1937 a)
Latvia (May 4th, 1937)
Roumania (December 23rd, 1937)

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (September 20th, 1937)

Chile a)
Czechoslovakia
France
Greece
Italy
The Netherlands (for the Kingdom in Europe)
Poland
Spain
Switzerland
Turkey

Signatures or accessions not yet perfected by Ratification.

Argentina
Austria
Belgium
Bolivia
Brazil
Bulgaria
Czechoslovakia
France
Germany
Greece
Hungary
Italy
Ireland
Iraq
Latvia
Netherlands
New Zealand
Nicaragua
Norway
Panama
Paraguay
Peru
Portugal
Roumania
Sierra Leone
Spain
Switzerland
United States of America
Venezuela

The Convention is open to Accession by:

Afghanistan
Australia
Belgium (July 21st, 1937)
Bulgaria (August 28th, 1936)
Czechoslovakia
France
Greece
Italy
The Netherlands
Poland
Spain
Switzerland
Turkey

1 The Convention came into force on March 23rd, 1938, in accordance with its Article 14.
2. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION CONCERNING THE TRANSIT OF ANIMALS, MEAT AND OTHER PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, WITH ANNEX.¹

(Geneva, February 20th, 1935.)

Not in Force.

Ratifications

Belgium (July 21st, 1937)
Latvia (May 4th, 1937)
Roumania (December 23rd, 1937)
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (September 20th, 1937)

Signatures or Accessions not yet perfected by Ratification.

Bulgaria
Chile a)
Czechoslovakia
The Czechoslovak Government does not consider that it can waive the right to make the transit of animals across its territory subject to a previous authorisation. It intends, in practice, to exercise the right so reserved in as liberal a spirit as possible, in conformity with the principles which are at the basis of the present Convention, the object of which is to facilitate the transit of animals and of animal products.

France
Greece
Italy
The Netherlands (for the Kingdom in Europe)
Poland
Spain
Switzerland
Turkey

The Convention is open to Accession by:

Afghanistan
Union of South Africa
Algeria
United States of America
Argentina
Republican
Australia
Bolivia
Brazil
Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Canada
China
Colombia
Cuba
Free City of Danzig
Denmark
Dominican Republic
Ecuador
Egypt
Estonia
Ethiopia
Finland
Germany
Guatemala
Haiti
Honduras
Hungary
Iceland
India
Iran
Iraq
Ireland
Japan
Liberia
Lithuania
Luxemburg
Mexico
New Zealand
Nicaragua
Norway
Panama
Paraguay
Peru
Portugal
Salvador
Sierra
Siam
Sweden
Uruguay
Venezuela
Yugoslavia

¹ The Secretary-General of the League of Nations will draw up a procès-verbal when five ratifications or accessions complying with the conditions laid down in paragraph 3 of Article 18 and in paragraph 3 of Article 19 have been received (Article 20, paragraph 1).

The present Convention shall be registered by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations ninety days after the date of the procès-verbal mentioned in Article 20. It will come into force on that date (Article 21, paragraph 1).
3. International Convention concerning the Export and Import of Animal Products (other than Meat, Meat Preparations, Fresh Animal Products, Milk and Milk Products), with Annex.¹

(Geneva, February 20th, 1935.)

Not in Force.

Belgium (July 21st, 1937)
Latvia (May 4th, 1937)
Roumania (December 23rd, 1937)
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (September 20th, 1937)

Ratifications

Belgium (July 21st, 1937)

Not in Force.

Signatures or Accessions not yet perfected by Ratification.

Bulgaria
Chile (a)
Czechoslovakia
France
Greece
Italy
The Netherlands
(for the Kingdom in Europe)
Poland
Spain
Switzerland
Turkey

The Convention is open to Accession by:

Afghanistan
Union of South Africa
Albania
United States of America
Argentine Republic
Australia
Bolivia
Brazil
Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Canada
China
Colombia
Cuba
Free City of Danzig
Denmark
Dominican Republic
Ecuador
Egypt
Estonia
Ethiopia
Finland
Germany
Guatemala
Haiti
Honduras
Hungary
Iceland
India
Iran
Iraq
Ireland
Japan
Libya
Lithuania
Luxembourg
Mexico
New Zealand
Nicaragua
Norway
Panama
Paraguay
Peru
Portugal
Salvador
Sierra
Sweden
Uruguay
Venezuela
Yugoslavia

¹ The Secretary-General of the League of Nations will draw up a procès-verbal when five ratifications or accessions complying with the condition laid down in paragraph 3 of Article 12 and in paragraph 3 of Article 13 have been received (Article 14, paragraph 1).

The present Convention shall be registered by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations ninety days after the date of the procès-verbal mentioned in Article 14. It will come into force on that date (Article 15, paragraph 1).
XXXIX. UNIFICATION OF BUOYAGE AND LIGHTING OF COASTS.

3. AGREEMENT FOR A UNIFORM SYSTEM OF MARITIME BUOYAGE, AND RULES ANNEXED THERETO.

(Geneva, May 13th, 1936.)

Not in Force.

Definitive Signatures or Accessions and Ratifications.

Union of South Africa (including the Mandated Territory of South-West Africa) (December 15th, 1937 a)

Belgium (May 12th, 1937)
The Belgian Government declares that its acceptance of the present Agreement and the application thereof to the Belgian Congo are conditional on the acceptance or the application of the said Agreement by Germany, Great Britain, France and the Netherlands.

Great Britain and Northern Ireland (February 23rd, 1938)
The acceptance of this Agreement by the Government of the United Kingdom will be conditional on its acceptance or on its application by Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Netherlands, Norway and Sweden.

His Majesty's Government do not assume any obligation in respect of Newfoundland, Southern Rhodesia and the Aden Protectorate.

Egypt (April 7th, 1938 a)

Finland (May 11th, 1937)
The Finnish Government reserves the right to make the putting into force of this Agreement in respect of Finland conditional on its entry into force or simultaneous application by all the other countries bordering upon the Baltic Sea and Norway.

Latvia (May 8th, 1937)

Signatures subject to Ratification.

INDIA
The acceptance of this Agreement by the Government of India will be conditional on its acceptance by the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and its application to Burma.

This signature is not binding in respect of the territories in India of any prince or chief under the suzerainty of His Majesty.

CHINA
The acceptance of this Agreement by the Chinese Government is conditional on the acceptance or on the application of this Agreement by Germany, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Denmark, France, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands and Sweden to the said Agreement.

ESTONIA
The acceptance of this Agreement by the Government of Estonia will be conditional on its acceptance or on its application by Finland, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Latvia.

FRANCE
Valid for France and her overseas possessions, except Indo-China, in regard to which the present accession shall take effect only in so far as China shall herself have acqiesced in the Agreement.

Morocco (French Protectorate)

Monaco

Sweden 2

Tunis (Regency of)

Turkey

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

The acceptance of this Agreement by the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics will be conditional on its acceptance or on its application by Germany, Estonia, Finland, France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Japan, Norway and Turkey.

The Agreement is open to Accession by:

ALBANIA
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
AUSTRALIA
BRAZIL
BULGARIA
CANADA
CHILE
COLOMBIA
COSTA RICA
CUBA
DENMARK
FREE CITY OF DANZIG
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
ECUADOR
GERMANY
GREECE
GUATEMALA
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PORTUGAL
ROUMANIA
SALVADOR
SIAM
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TANGIER
URUGUAY
VENEZUELA
YUGOSLAVIA

1 The Agreement shall enter into force the ninetieth day following its final acceptance by ten Governments (Article 4).

2 By a letter dated May 11th, 1937, the Permanent Delegate of Sweden to the League of Nations informed the Secretariat that the ratification of this Agreement by the Swedish Government is subject to the acceptance or application thereof by the Governments of Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Latvia, Norway, the Netherlands and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
XL. SUPPRESSION OF THE ILLICIT TRAFFIC IN DANGEROUS DRUGS.

5. CONVENTION OF 1936 FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF THE ILLICIT TRAFFIC IN DANGEROUS DRUGS.1

(Geneva, June 26th, 1936.)

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Protocols of Signature.

(Geneva, June 26th, 1936.)

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1 The present Convention shall come into force ninety days after the Secretary-General of the League of Nations has received the ratifications or accessions of ten Members of the League of Nations or non-member States. It shall be registered on that date by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations (Article 22).
III

PROTOCOL OF SIGNATURE (continued).

(Geneva, June 26th, 1936.)

Not in Force.

| Ratifications or definitive Accessions | Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification | The Protocol is open to Accession by:
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XLI. TRAFFIC IN OPIUM AND OTHER DANGEROUS DRUGS.

6. PROCES-VERBAL

TO ALTER THE LATEST DATE OF ISSUE OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE ESTIMATED WORLD REQUIREMENTS OF DANGEROUS DRUGS, DRAWN UP BY THE SUPERVISORY BODY, AS PROVIDED FOR BY THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION OF JULY 13TH, 1931, FOR LIMITING THE MANUFACTURE AND REGULATING THE DISTRIBUTION OF NARCOTIC DRUGS.

(Geneva, June 26th, 1936.)

Not in Force.

| Definitive Signatures | The Protocí-verbal is open to Signature by:
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1 The present Protocí-verbal will come into force as soon as it shall have been signed in the name of all Governments parties to the Convention of July 13th, 1931 (§ 3).
6. Procès-Verbal


(Geneva, June 26th, 1936.)

Not in Force.

Definitive Signatures.

LIECHTENSTEIN
Luxemburg
MEXICO
MONACO
THE NETHERLANDS
NEW ZEALAND
NORWAY
PANAMA
Peru
POLAND
PORTUGAL
ROUMANIA

Salvador
Siam
SPAN
Sudan
SWEDEN
SWITZERLAND
TURKEY
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS
URUGUAY
VENEZUELA

XLII. REFUGEES.

PROVISIONAL ARRANGEMENT CONCERNING THE STATUS OF REFUGEES COMING FROM GERMANY.

(Geneva, July 4th, 1936.)

In Force.

The Arrangement is open to Signature by:

AFGHANISTAN
UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA
ALBANIA
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
AUSTRALIA
BOLIVIA
BULGARIA
CANADA
CHILE
CHINA
COLOMBIA
CUBA
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DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
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HAITI
HONDURAS
HUNGARY
INDIA
IRAN
IRAQ
IRELAND
ITALY
LATVIA
LIBERIA

Definitive Signatures.

BELGIUM (October 7th, 1936)

In application of paragraph 1 of Article 12, the Belgian Government, by its acceptance of the present Arrangement, is not assuming any obligation as regards the Colony of the Congo, the mandated territories of Ruanda-Urundi, or any other territory provided in paragraph 1 of Article 12.

GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND (September 25th, 1936)

Article 4. — Refugees who are the subject of extradition proceedings commenced in the United Kingdom will not be regarded as being entitled to claim the protection otherwise afforded to them under this Article.

Paragraph 2 of Article 4 will not be applicable to refugees who have been admitted to the United Kingdom for a temporary visit or purpose. The term "public order" is deemed to include matters relating to crime and morals.

His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom does not assume any obligations in respect of any of its colonies, protectorates, overseas territories, territories under suzerainty or territories administered under mandate.

DENMARK (July 4th, 1936)

1 The Swiss Federal Political Department, by a letter dated July 15th, 1936, informed the Secretariat of the following: "Under the terms of the arrangements concluded between the Government of the Principality of Liechtenstein and the Swiss Government in 1929 and 1935, in application of the Customs Union Treaty concluded between these two countries on March 29th, 1923, the Swiss legislation on narcotic drugs, including all the measures taken by the Federal authorities to give effect to the different international Conventions on dangerous drugs, will be applicable to the territory of the Principality in the same way as to the territory of the Confederation, as long as the said Treaty remains in force. The Principality of Liechtenstein will accordingly participate, so long as the said Treaty remains in force, in the international Conventions which have been or may hereafter be concluded in the matter of narcotic drugs, it being neither necessary nor advisable for that country to accede to them separately."

XLIII. BROADCASTING.

INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION CONCERNING THE USE OF BROADCASTING IN THE CAUSE OF PEACE.1

(Geneva, September 23rd, 1936.)

In Force.

The Convention is open to Accession by:

AFGHANISTAN
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
Bolivia
Bulgaria
Canada
China
Costa Rica
Cuba
FREE CITY OF DANZIG
Ecuador
Ethiopia
Finland
Germany
Haiti
Honduras
Hungary
Iceland
Iran
Iraq
ITALY
Japan
Latvia
Liberia
Nicaragua
Panama
Paraguay
Peru
Poland
Portugal
Siam
Venezuela
Yugoslavia

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.

Brazil (February 11th, 1938)
GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND (August 18th, 1937)
Burma (October 13th, 1937 a)
Southern Rhodesia (November 1st, 1937 a)
Australia (June 25th, 1937 a)
Including the Territories of Papua and Norfolk Island and the Mandated Territories of New Guinea and Nauru.
New Zealand (January 27th, 1938)
Union of South Africa (including the Mandated Territory of South West Africa) (February 1st, 1938 a)
Ireland (May 25th, 1938 a)
India (August 11th, 1937)
Denmark (October 11th, 1937)
Egypt (July 20th, 1938)
Estonia (August 18th, 1938)
France (March 8th, 1938)
Luxembourg (February 8th, 1938)
Norway (May 5th, 1938)
Salvador (August 18th, 1938 a)
Sweden (June 22nd, 1938 a)

Signatures or Accessions not yet perfected by Ratification.

ALBANIA
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
BELGIUM
Under reservation of the declarations mentioned in the proces-verbal of the final meeting of the Conference.
CHILE
COLOMBIA
CZECHOSLOVAKIA
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
GREECE
Guatemala a)
LITHUANIA
MEXICO
THE NETHERLANDS
ROUMANIA
SPAIN
Under reservation of the declaration mentioned in the proces-verbal of the final meeting of the Conference.
SWITZERLAND
TURKEY
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS
Under reservation of the declarations mentioned in the proces-verbal of the final meeting of the Conference.
URUGUAY

1 The Convention came into force on April 2nd, 1938, in accordance with its Article 11.
XLIV. TEACHING OF HISTORY.

DECLARATION REGARDING THE TEACHING OF HISTORY.¹
(Revision of School Text-Books.)

(Geneva, October 2nd, 1937.)

In Force.

The Declaration is open to signature by:

Afghanistan (February 24th, 1938)
Union of South Africa (January 24th, 1938)
Argentine Republic (July 20th, 1938)
Belgium (November 24th, 1937)
Chile (January 6th, 1938)
Colombia (June 2nd, 1938)
Dominican Republic (November 5th, 1937)
Egypt (March 1st, 1938)
ESTONIA (March 8th, 1938)
Greece ² (April 6th, 1938)
Iran (April 27th, 1938)
The Netherlands (including the Netherlands Indies, Surinam and Curaçao) (January 25th, 1938)
Norway (February 5th, 1938)
Sweden (February 25th, 1938)


² When signing this Declaration, the Permanent Delegate of Greece handed to the Secretary-General a communication informing him, on behalf of his Government, that instead of setting up a new Committee such as that referred to in Paragraph 3 of the Declaration, the Royal Government intends to entrust the duties of the above-mentioned Committee to the Supreme Council of Education, a permanent body which meets at the Ministry of Public Worship and National Education. The Royal Government is of opinion that disadvantages would be entailed by the creation of a new Committee which, as it would duplicate this Council, would be detrimental to the unity that is desirable in the matter of education.
XLV. TERRORISM.

I. CONVENTION FOR THE PREVENTION AND PUNISHMENT OF TERRORISM.¹

(Geneva, November 16th, 1937.)

Not in Force.

Ratifications or definitive Accessions.  | Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.  | The Convention is open to Accession by:
--- | --- | ---
Albania  |  | AFGHANISTAN
Argentine Republic  |  | UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA
Belgium  |  | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
Bulgaria  |  | AUSTRALIA
Cuba  |  | BOLIVIA
Czechoslovakia  |  | BRAZIL
Dominican Republic  |  | GREAT BRITAIN AND
Egypt  |  | NORTHERN IRELAND
Estonia  |  | CANADA
France  |  | CHILE
With reference to Article 25 of the Convention, the French Government does not assume any obligation as regards the whole of its Colonies and Protectorates or the territories for which a mandate has been entrusted to it.
Greece  |  | CHINA
Haiti  |  | COLOMBIA
India  |  | COSTA RICA
Monaco  |  | FREE CITY OF DANTZIG
The Netherlands  |  | DENMARK
Norway  |  | ETHIOPIA
Peru  |  | FINLAND
Roumania  |  | GERMANY
Spain  |  | GUATEMALA
Turkey  |  | HONDURAS
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics  |  | HUNGARY
² The Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics will only be able to ratify the present Convention subject to the following reservation: "With regard to the settlement of disputes relating to the interpretation or application of the present Convention, the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics assumes only such obligations as are incumbent upon it as a Member of the League of Nations."
Venezuela  |  | ICELAND
Yugoslavia  |  | IRAN

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¹ The present Convention shall, in accordance with the provisions of Article 18 of the Covenant, be registered by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations on the ninetieth day after the receipt by the Secretary-General of the third instrument of ratification or accession.

² The reservation to which this signature is subject has been submitted to the signatory States for acceptance.
2. CONVENTION FOR THE CREATION OF AN INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT.\(^1\)

*(Geneva, November 16th, 1937.)*

**Not in Force.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ratifications or definitive Accessions.</th>
<th>Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.</th>
<th>The Convention is open to Accession by:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<tr>
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<td>Czechoslovakia</td>
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<td>UNITED STATES OF AMERICA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>With reference to Article 52 of the Convention, the French Government does not assume any obligation as regards the whole of its Colonies and Protectorates or the territories for which a mandate has been entrusted to it.</td>
<td>ARGENTINE REPUBLIC</td>
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<td>Greece</td>
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<td>BRAZIL</td>
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<td>Roumania</td>
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<td>GREAT BRITAIN AND</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Union of Soviet Socialist Republics</strong></td>
<td>The Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics will only be able to ratify the present Convention subject to the following reservation: With regard to the settlement of disputes relating to the interpretation or application of the present Convention, the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics assumes only such obligations as are incumbent upon it as a Member of the League of Nations.</td>
<td>ECUADOR</td>
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<td>LIECHTENSTEIN</td>
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<td>NEW ZEALAND</td>
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<td>SALVADOR</td>
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<td>SAN MARINO</td>
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<td>SWITZERLAND</td>
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<td>URUGUAY</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>VENEZUELA</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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1 The Government of the Netherlands is requested to convene a meeting of representatives of the States which ratify or accede to the present Convention. The meeting is to take place within one year after the receipt of the seventh instrument of ratification or accession by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations and has for object to fix the date at which the present Convention shall be put into force.

The entry into force of the present Convention shall, however, be subject to the entry into force of the Convention for the Prevention and Punishment of Terrorism (Article 53).

2 The reservation to which this signature is subject has been submitted to the signatory States for acceptance.
XLVI. REFUGEES.

3. Convention concerning the Status of Refugees coming from Germany.¹

(Geneva, February 10th, 1938.)

Not in Force.

Signatures not yet perfected by Ratification.

Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Article 1. — His Majesty’s Government in the United Kingdom regards the definition as applicable only to refugees coming from Germany as defined, who at the date of ratification no longer enjoy the protection of the German Government.

Article 3. — Refugees who are the subject of extradition proceedings begun in the United Kingdom will not be regarded as being entitled to claim the protection otherwise afforded to them under this Article.

Paragraph 2 of this Article will not be applicable to refugees who have been admitted to the United Kingdom for a temporary visit or purpose. The term “public order” is deemed to include matters relating to crime and morals.

Article 9. — The provisions of this Article will not be applicable to refugees who have been admitted to the United Kingdom for a temporary visit or purpose.

Article 14 cannot be accepted, owing to the special position of schools and universities in the United Kingdom.

Denmark

Articles 9 and 17 are excluded from the undertaking given by Denmark.

The Convention will not apply to Greenland.

France

The French Government, by its acceptance of the present Convention, renews the reservations made by it on signing the Conventions of October 28th, 1933, and the Provisional Arrangement of July 4th, 1936, and declares, in particular, that it is not assuming any obligation in regard to the whole of its colonies, protectorates, overseas territories, territories under suzerainty, or territories administered under mandate.

¹ The present Convention shall be registered by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations in accordance with the provisions of Article 18 of the Covenant thirty days after the receipt by him of the second ratification or accession. The Convention shall come into force on the day of such registration.

Ratifications.

Belgium (September 1st, 1938)

Article 9. — The Belgian Government specifies that the meaning given in the Convention, with special reference to Article 9 (a), to the concept of residence is that which it possesses under the laws and internal regulations of Belgium.

Article 11. — Article 11, in so far as it concerns the application of the provisions of the domestic legislation relating to “unemployment insurance”, cannot be accepted.

Article 12. — Article 12, concerning social insurance laws, cannot be favourably received.

Article 17. — Article 17, which concerns the enjoyment of the rights and favours accorded to foreigners, subject to reciprocity, cannot be admitted.

Article 24. — In application of paragraph 1 of Article 24, the Belgian Government, by its acceptance of the present Convention, is not assuming any obligation as regards the Colony of the Congo, the mandated territories of Ruanda-Urundi, or any other territory provided in paragraph 1 of Article 24.

The Convention is open to Accession by:

AFGHANISTAN
UNITED NATIONS
ALBANIA
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
ARABIA
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
AUSTRALIA
BOLIVIA
BRAZIL
BULGARIA
CANADA
CHILE
CHINA
COLOMBIA
COSTA RICA
CUBA
CZECHOSLOVAKIA
FREE CITY OF DANZIG
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
ECUADOR
EGYPT
ETHIOPIA
FINLAND
GUATEMALA
HAITI
HONDURAS
ICELAND
INDIA
IRAN
IRAQ
IRELAND
ITALY
LIBERIA
LIECHTENSTEIN
LITHUANIA
LUXEMBOURG
MEXICO
MONACO
NEW ZEALAND
NICARAGUA
PANAMA
PARAGUAY
PERU
POLAND
PORTUGAL
ROUMANIA
SALVADOR
SAN MARINO
SIAM
SWEDEN
SWITZERLAND
TURKEY
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS
URUGUAY
VENEZUELA
YUGOSLAVIA
3. **Convention concerning the Status of Refugees coming from Germany** (continued)

*(Geneva, February 10th, 1938.)*

**Not in Force.**

*Signatures not yet perfected by Ratifications:*

**The Netherlands**
For the Kingdom in Europe, and with reservation as regards Article 5, paragraph 3, and Article 9.

**Norway**
With the following reservation:
Paragraph 2 (d) of Article 3 and Article 17 will not be applicable.

**Spain**
With the following reservations:
The Spanish Government, by its signature of the present Convention, is not assuming any obligations in regard to the whole of its protectorates and colonies.
It likewise declares that Articles 9 to 12 will not preclude the application of the provisions relating to labour and social insurance.
XLVII. — INTERNATIONAL LABOUR CONVENTIONS.1

(a)

I. Convention limiting the hours of work in industrial undertakings to eight in the day and forty-eight in the week, adopted as a Draft Convention by the International Labour Conference at its First Session on November 28th, 1919.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Date of Registration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARGENTINE REPUBLIC</td>
<td>November 30th, 1933</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BELGIUM</td>
<td>September 6th, 1926</td>
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<tr>
<td>BULGARIA</td>
<td>February 14th, 1922</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CANADA</td>
<td>March 21st, 1935</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHILE</td>
<td>September 15th, 1925</td>
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<tr>
<td>COLOMBIA</td>
<td>June 20th, 1933</td>
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<tr>
<td>CUBA</td>
<td>September 20th, 1934</td>
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<tr>
<td>CZECHOSLOVAKIA</td>
<td>August 24th, 1924</td>
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<tr>
<td>DOMINICAN REPUBLIC</td>
<td>February 4th, 1933</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRANCE</td>
<td>June 2nd, 1927</td>
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<tr>
<td>GREECE</td>
<td>November 19th, 1920</td>
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<tr>
<td>INDIA</td>
<td>July 14th, 1921</td>
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<td>ITALY</td>
<td>October 6th, 1924</td>
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<td>LATVIA</td>
<td>August 15th, 1925</td>
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<tr>
<td>LITHUANIA</td>
<td>June 19th, 1931</td>
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<tr>
<td>LUXEMBURG</td>
<td>April 16th, 1928</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NICARAGUA</td>
<td>April 12th, 1934</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>March 29th, 1938</td>
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<tr>
<td>PORTUGAL</td>
<td>July 3rd, 1928</td>
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<td>ROUMANIA</td>
<td>June 13th, 1921</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAIN</td>
<td>February 22nd, 1929</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>URUGUAY</td>
<td>June 6th, 1933</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Convention concerning unemployment, adopted as a Draft Convention by the International Labour Conference at its First Session on November 28th, 1919.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Date of Registration</th>
<th>Denunciation</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA</td>
<td>February 20th, 1924</td>
<td>India (April 16th, 1938)</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARGENTINE REPUBLIC</td>
<td>November 30th, 1933</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>GREAT BRITAIN</td>
<td>July 14th, 1921</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>BELGIUM</td>
<td>August 25th, 1930</td>
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<td>BULGARIA</td>
<td>February 14th, 1922</td>
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<td>CHILE</td>
<td>May 31st, 1933</td>
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<td>COLOMBIA</td>
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<td>HUNGARY</td>
<td>March 1st, 1928</td>
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<td>INDIA</td>
<td>July 14th, 1921</td>
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</tbody>
</table>


2 This ratification is subject to the condition that the obligations it entails for France shall not take effect until the Convention has been ratified by Germany and Great Britain.

3 Subject to the condition that it shall only come into force when the ratifications, without reservations or other conditions, of the following Members of the International Labour Organisation have been registered with the Secretariat of the League of Nations: Belgium, France, Germany, Great Britain and Switzerland.

4 The Convention shall come into force in Latvia, in accordance with the provisions of Article 18 of the Draft Convention, after the ratifications of three of the Powers which are of the chief industrial importance, as laid down in Article 393, paragraphs 5 and 6, of the Treaty of Peace of Versailles, shall have been registered with the Secretariat of the League of Nations.

5 The reservation by which Spain made its ratification subject to the ratification of Germany, France, Great Britain and Italy was withdrawn on October 1st, 1931.

6 Subject to subsequent decisions regarding the application of the Convention to the Belgian Congo and to the territories under Belgian mandate.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Date of Registration</th>
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<td>Ireland</td>
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<td>Japan</td>
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<td>Luxembourg</td>
<td>April 16th, 1928</td>
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<td>The Netherlands</td>
<td>February 6th, 1932</td>
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<td>Nicaragua</td>
<td>April 12th, 1934</td>
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<td>Norway</td>
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<td>New Zealand</td>
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<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>October 9th, 1922</td>
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</table>

3. Convention concerning the employment of women before and after childbirth, adopted as a Draft Convention by the International Labour Conference at its First Session on November 29th, 1919.

<table>
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<tr>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>April 1st, 1927</td>
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<td>Yugoslavia</td>
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4. Convention concerning the employment of women during the night, adopted as a Draft Convention by the International Labour Conference at its First Session on November 28th, 1919.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Date of Registration</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Union of South Africa</td>
<td>November 1st, 1921</td>
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<tr>
<td>Albania</td>
<td>March 17th, 1932</td>
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<td>Argentina</td>
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<td>Belgium 1*</td>
<td>July 12th, 1924</td>
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</table>

1 Subject to subsequent decisions regarding the application of the Convention to the Belgian Congo and to the territories under Belgian mandate.
2 As regards this Convention, the Belgian reservation has been withdrawn as from April 1st, 1934.
3 This ratification does not apply to the Portuguese Colonies.

Denunciations:
- Union of South Africa (October 25th, 1935) - This denunciation is not to take effect until the revised Convention of 1934 on the same subject shall have come into force.
- Belgium (August 4th, 1937)
- Brazil (May 12th, 1937)
- Great Britain and Northern Ireland (January 25th, 1937)
- Estonia (January 28th, 1936)
- Greece (June 30th, 1936)
- Hungary (December 18th, 1936)
- Ireland (March 15th, 1937)
- The Netherlands (June 12th, 1937)
- Switzerland (June 4th, 1936)